## Answers - <u>Chemsex and its management (Adapted from HIV Manual</u> <u>www.hivmanual.hk)</u>

Expiration Date: 2 August 2021 # CME point / CNE point: 1/ PEM point: 0 (Midwifery related)

- Please choose the best option.
- Answer these on the answer sheet and make submission by fax to Special Preventive Programme, Department of Health.

*# Please contact respective authorities directly for CME/CPD accreditation if it is not on listed below.* 

Accreditors	CME Point
Department of Health / HKMA/ HKAM / HKDU	1
(for practising doctors who are not taking CME programme for specialists)	-
Anaesthesiologists	1
Community Medicine	1
Dental Surgeons	1
Emergency Medicine	1
Family Physicians	1
Obstetricians and Gynaecologists	1
Ophthalmologists	0.5
Orthopaedic Surgeons	0
Otorhinolaryngologists	pending
Paediatricians	1
Pathologists	1
Physicians	1
Psychiatrists	1
Radiologists	1
Surgeons	1

- 1. Which of the following correctly describes the sexualised use of drugs?
  - A. The use of drugs to harness sexual libido
  - B. The use of drugs to prevent over-excitation of neural pathways
  - C. The use of drugs to enhance the pleasure of sexual activity ✓
  - D. The use of drugs before or after sexual activity to prevent cardio- and cerebrovascular events
  - E. All of the above
- 2. Which of the following drugs is NOT used for chemsex?
  - A. Popper
  - B. MDMA
  - C. Methamphetamine
  - D. Sildenafil
  - E. All of the above are commonly used for chemsex  $\checkmark$

- 3. Nitrates, also known as poppers, result in
  - A. release of serotonin and dopamine, and hence the sensation of exhilaration
  - B. dilatation of blood vessels, leading to a drop of blood pressure and a sense of warmth and euphoria
  - C. relaxation of smooth muscles of anal canal, facilitating receptive anal sex
  - D. (A) and (B)
  - E. (B) and (C)  $\checkmark$
- 4. Which of the following has been observed with chemsex?
  - A. Unprotected sex
  - B. Marathon sex
  - C. Group sex
  - D. Escalation to habitual drug use and psychosis
  - E. All of the above have been observed with chemsex  $\checkmark$
- 5. Which of the following associations is incorrect?
  - A. Methamphetamine and formication
  - B. MDMA and teeth grinding
  - C. GHB and memory lapse
  - D. Ketamine and dissociative feelings
  - E. All are correct associations ✓
- 6. Which of the following is NOT among the findings of PRiSM (2017) related to chemsex?
  - A. Having been exposed to HIV prevention messages is associated with condom use during chemsex ✓
  - B. 10% of MSM had had recent use of chemsex
  - C. 1/3 of HIV positive MSM had had recent use of chemsex
  - D. Up to 44% of MSM shared needles during slamsex
  - E. Methamphetamine was more popular than mephedrone for chemsex
- 7. Which of the following is a key principle in the management of chemsex of an MSM?
  - A. In the initial assessment, it is important to set the boundary that drug abuse is a punishable offense
  - B. As chemsex users display characteristics of drug addiction, the option of methadone should be offered
  - C. It is important that counselling address the internalised stigma of being gay or HIV positive 🗸
  - D. The gold standard of treatment success is the abstinence of chemsex for 6 months
  - E. It is effective strategy to aim for sexual abstinence, taking advantage of the fact that chemsex is episodic and associated with sex.
- 8. All of the following are stages as defined by the transtheoretical model, EXCEPT
  - A. Pre-contemplation
  - **B.** Motivation ✓
  - C. Preparation
  - D. Action
  - E. Maintenance

- 9. All of the following are known strategies of the harm reduction approach for MSM chemsex users EXCEPT
  - A. Reach agreement on the amount of drugs to be used for chemsex
  - B. Provide HIV pre-exposure prophylaxis
  - C. Provide disincentive when relapse occurs ✓
  - D. Reduce the frequency of chemsex
  - E. All of the above are strategies of harm reduction
- 10. Which of the following is TRUE regarding chemsex in the heterosexual population in Hong Kong?
  - A. Trading sex for cocaine is significant for female commercial sex workers
  - B. Chemsex is relatively uncommon in the heterosexual population  $\checkmark$
  - C. Condom use continues to be high among commercial sex workers who use chemsex
  - D. Recent local studies have confirmed that the drug of choice is GHB for female commercial sex workers
  - E. None of the above